Physics 1 (Biological Chemistry)

List of possible questions (8 will be selected – max. one from each group):

- 1a: List all basic units of the SI system (with their exact [older] definitions).
- 1b: Describe basic 4 physical interactions (forces) together with their force carriers.
- 1c: Explain the role of basic physical constants and give their approx. values (universal gravitational constant, electric permittivity of vacuum, magnetic permeability of vacuum, speed of light, Boltzman constant, Avogadro constant).
- 2a: Explain the first Newton's law of motion.
- 2b: Explain the second Newton's law of motion.
- 2c: Explain the third Newton's law of motion.
- 3a: Define basic parameters in mechanics velocity, acceleration, angular velocity, force, momentum, moment of force.
- 3b: Define basic parameters in mechanics force, pressure, work, power, moment of inertia.
- 3c: Define and describe fundamental types of mechanical energy.
- 4a: Explain three Kepler's laws.
- 4b: Explain Newton's gravitational law
- 4c: Explain properties of free fall (basic equations, shapes of orbits in gravitational field).
- 5a: Describe various mechanical oscillators.
- 5b: Describe mechanical waves, write the basic form of wave equation.
- 5c: Describe Huygens principle, interference of waves and Doppler effect.
- 6a: Explain the basic properties of ideal gas and list its state variables.
- 6b: Write the state equation for ideal gas (ideal gas law) and explain all parameters.
- 6c: Explain three laws of thermodynamics.
- 7a: Explain thermodynamic temperature and other temperatures scales.
- 7b: Explain basic processes in ideal gas (isothermal, isochoric, isobaric and adiabatic).
- 7c: Explain basic mechanisms of heat transfer (give examples from nature).

8a: Define Coulomb's law and explain all parameters. Explain the triboelectric effect.

8b: Define the electric voltage and potential. Define the unit volt.

8c: Define the electric current and current density. Define the basic SI unit ampere.

9a: Define electric flux and Gaussian law.

9b: Describe electrical dipole and give the formula for its potential.

9c: Give Ohm's law, explain electric resistance and conductance.

10a: Explain electric resistivity and conductivity, give the continuum equation.

10b: Explain properties of dielectric material and function of a capacitor.

10c: Explain impedance and admittance for alternating current (and basic properties of AC).

11a: Describe magnetic dipole and the character of its field. Define the magnetic flux.

11b: Define magnetic intensity and induction, give the basic relation between them.

11c: Explain basic magnetic property of the material (permeability) and explain basic types of material – diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic.

12a: Explain magnetic hysteresis.

12b: Explain concept of magnetic domains.

12c: Explain Curie's temperature.

13a: Write the Lorentz force (law) for a particle with charge q and velocity \mathbf{v} .

13b: Explain the right-hand rule for Lorentz force (law).

13c: Describe the Biot-Savart law.

14a: Faraday's law of induction – define the electromotive force (and its unit).

14b: Faraday's law of induction – define the inductance).

14c: Describe the difference between a DC dynamo and AC alternator.

continuation on the next page - list of possible exercises

List of possible exercises (2 from the list will be selected, with a numerical content):

(a home-made paper list of basic physical constants can be used, and also a calculator - but NOT a mobile-phone!)

- 1. Evaluate maximum height and appropriate timings in a case, when a body was thrown up with some initial speed.
- 2. Find amplitude, period, frequency and amplitude from a given equation for a case of harmonic oscillator.
- 3. A liquid is transported in a pipeline with a given circular cross-section and velocity. calculate the mass of the liquid, transported in a given amount of time.
- 4. Find the molar mass of gas when there are given its temperature, pressure and density (try to estimate the type of gas).
- 5. Calculate the forces acting between two electrically charged spheres, if these are placed in various environments (electric charges and distance between them are given).
- 6. Calculate the magnetic induction in vacuum in a small distance from very long straight wire, when the current is given?